SECTION 235239 - FIRE-TUBE BOILERS

This Section uses the term "Architect." Change this term to match that used to identify the design professional as defined in the General and Supplementary Conditions.

Verify that Section titles referenced in this Section are correct for this Project's Specifications; Section titles may have changed.

1. GENERAL
   * + 1. RELATED DOCUMENTS

Retain or delete this article in all Sections of Project Manual.

* + - * 1. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
      1. SUMMARY
         1. Section includes [**horizontal**] [**vertical**], packaged, factory-fabricated and -assembled [**fire-tube**] [**firebox**] boilers, trim, and accessories for generating [**hot water**] [**steam**].
      2. SUBMITTALS
         1. Submittals for this section are subject to the re-evaluation fee identified in Article 4 of the General Conditions.
         2. Manufacturer's installation instructions shall be provided along with product data.
         3. Submittals shall be provided in the order in which they are specified and tabbed (for combined submittals).
         4. Product Data: For each type of product include the following:

Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions, and weights of individual components, profiles, and finishes for boilers.

Rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

Predicted boiler efficiency while operating at design capacity and at varying part loads with basis indicated.

Predicted emissions levels while operating at design capacity and at varying part loads with basis indicated. Indicate operation that produces worst-case emissions.

Technical data for refractory and insulation, including temperature rating, thermal performance, attachment, and arrangement.

Calculations showing predicted surface temperature of boiler jacket with basis indicated.

Force and moment capacity of each piping and flue connection.

Dimensioned location of low, high, and normal water level, showing operating set point and each alarm set point.

Temperature and pressure rating, size, and materials of construction for boiler trim components, including piping, fittings, flanges, unions, and valves. Provide valve manufacturer's product data for each valve furnished. For safety valves, include trip and reset settings and flow capacity.

Manufacturer's product data showing size, scale range, and accuracy of thermometers and pressure gages.

Pressure rating, size, and materials of construction for boiler fuel train components including piping, fittings, flanges, unions, switches, and valves. Provide manufacturer's product data for each valve and switch furnished.

Detailed information of controls, including product data with technical performance, operating characteristics, and sequence of operation.

Product data for each motor, including performance, operating characteristics, and materials of construction.

* + - * 1. Shop Drawings: For boilers, boiler trim, and accessories.

Include plans, elevations, sections, and [**mounting**] [**attachment**] details.

Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring. Differentiate between factory and field installation.

Include piping diagrams of factory-furnished piping that indicate size and each piping component.

Retain "Coordination Drawings" paragraph below for situations where limited space necessitates maximum utilization for efficient installation of different components or if coordination is required for installation of products and materials by separate installers. Coordinate paragraph with other Sections specifying products listed below. Preparation of coordination drawings requires the participation of each trade involved in installations within the limited space.

* + - * 1. Coordination Drawings: Plan and elevation views, drawn to <**Insert scale**> scale, indicating equipment manufacturers' service clearances, structure and base attachment, piping, power, controls, and flues. Each view shows a screened background with the following:

Column grids, beams, columns, and concrete housekeeping pads.

Room layout with walls, floors, and roofs, including each room name and number.

Equipment and products of other trades that are located in vicinity of boilers and are part of final installation, such as lighting, fire-suppression systems, and plumbing systems.

Retain "Seismic Qualification Certificates" paragraph below if required by seismic criteria applicable to Project. Coordinate with Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC." See ASCE/SEI 7 for certification requirements for equipment and components.

* + - * 1. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For boilers, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.

Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.

Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.

Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.

* + - * 1. Installation instructions.
        2. Source quality-control reports.

Retain "Field quality-control reports" paragraph below if Contractor is responsible for field quality-control testing and inspecting.

* + - * 1. Field quality-control reports.
        2. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.
        3. Other Informational Submittals:

Retain "ASME Stamp Certification and Report" subparagraph below for steam boilers operating at more than 15 psig (104 kPa) or hot-water boilers operating at more than 160 psig or 250 deg F.

ASME Stamp Certification and Report: Submit "A," "S," or "PP" stamp certificate of authorization, as required by authorities having jurisdiction, and document hydrostatic testing of piping external to boiler.

Startup service reports.

* + - 1. CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
         1. Operation and Maintenance Data: For boilers, components, and accessories to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
         2. Spare Parts List: Recommended spare parts list with quantity for each.
         3. Touch-up Paint Description: Detailed description of paint used in application of finish coat to allow for procurement of a matching paint.
         4. Instructional Videos: Including those that are prerecorded and those that are recorded during training.
      2. MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

Retain this article to require tool kit and touch-up paint.

* + - * 1. Tool kit to include the following:

A tool kit specially designed by boiler manufacturer for use in servicing boiler(s) furnished.

Special tools required to service boiler components not readily available to Owner Director’s Representative service personnel in performing routine maintenance.

Lockable case with hinged cover, marked with large and permanent text to indicate the special purpose of tool kit, such as "Boiler Tool Kit." Text size shall be at least 1 inch (25 mm) high.

A list of each tool furnished. Permanently attach the list to underside of case cover. Text size shall be at least 0.5 inch (13 mm) high.

* + - * 1. Touch-up Paint: [**32 oz. (1 L)**] <**Insert volume**> container of paint used for finish coat. Label on outside of container shall have a detailed description of paint to allow for procurement of a matching paint in the future.
      1. DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
         1. Ship boilers from the factory free of water. Drain water and blow dry with compressed air if required to remove all water before shipping.
         2. Cover and protect flue, electrical controls, and piping connections before shipping. Protect and seal openings and connections with blinds, caps, plugs, and other materials during delivery, storage, and handling.
         3. Protect boiler components with removable temporary enclosures to prevent damage during shipping, storage, and installation.

Retain paragraph below for projects with special shipping requirements. Export shipping adds cost.

* + - * 1. Package boiler for export shipping in totally enclosed [**bagging**] [**crate**] [**crate with bagging**].
      1. WARRANTY

When warranties are required, verify with Director’s Representative's counsel that warranties stated in this article are not less than remedies available to Director’s Representative under prevailing local laws. Coordinate with Section 016000 "Product Requirements." See discussion about warranties in "Characteristics Common to All Boilers" Article in the Evaluations.

* + - * 1. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace front- and rear-door refractories and heat exchangers of boilers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

Retain "Horizontal Fire-Tube and Firebox Boilers" Subparagraph below for horizontal fire-tube and firebox boilers only. The need for a refractory warranty depends on boiler design and is intended more for dryback boilers. Although front- and rear-door refractory warranties are available, a refractory warranty could penalize dryback boilers if both a dryback and a wetback boiler are allowed. Warranty should be reviewed with Director’s Representative and specified only when requested by Director’s Representative. Consult manufacturer to determine necessity for and availability of this warranty.

Horizontal Fire-Tube and Firebox Boilers: Refractory in front and rear doors, [**10**] <**Insert number**> years from date of startup by factory-authorized personnel.

Retain "Vertical Fire-Tube Boilers and Heat Exchanger" Subparagraph below for vertical fire-tube boilers only.

Vertical Fire-Tube Boilers and Heat Exchanger: [**Five**] <**Insert number**> years from date of Substantial Completion, if following water-treatment program recommended by manufacturer.

1. PRODUCTS

Manufacturers and products listed in SpecAgent and MasterWorks Paragraph Builder are neither recommended nor endorsed by the AIA or Deltek. Before inserting names, verify that manufacturers and products listed there comply with requirements retained or revised in descriptions and are both available and suitable for the intended applications. For definitions of terms and requirements for Contractor's product selection, see Section 016000 "Product Requirements."

* + - 1. PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Retain this article to define performance requirements that are not indicated elsewhere.

* + - * 1. Fuel-to-[**steam**] [**water**] efficiency indicated shall be based on the following:

Retain one of first two subparagraphs below to establish efficiency test method used to determine efficiency indicated. Verify requirement with listed manufacturers.

ASME Performance Test Code (PTC) 4, [**Input-Output**] [**Heat Loss**] method.

Hydronics Institute Division of AHRI BTS-2000 Method to Determine Efficiency of Commercial Space Heating Boilers, Thermal Efficiency Test <**Insert test requirement**>.

Test Operating Conditions:

Ambient Temperature: <**Insert temperature**>.

Ambient Relative Humidity: <**Insert relative humidity**>.

Percent Excess Air in Exhaust Flue Gas: [**15**] <**Insert number**>.

Fuel Heating Value: <**Insert value**>.

Retain paragraphs below to require emissions restrictions. Retain "Gas-Fired Boiler Emissions" Paragraph for gas-fired boilers; retain "Oil-Fired Boiler Emissions" Paragraph for oil-fired boilers.

* + - * 1. Gas-Fired Boiler Emissions: Not to exceed allowable ambient air quality standards in governing jurisdiction and indicated values.

Carbon monoxide:

[**50**] <**Insert number**> parts per million at any point from 100 percent to [**50**] <**Insert number**> percent fire.

[**150**] <**Insert number**> parts per million at any point below [**50**] <**Insert number**>percent fire.

Nitrogen compounds: [**30**] [**20**] [**10**] <**Insert number**> parts per million (dry volume basis and corrected to [**3**] <**Insert number**> percent oxygen) at any point from 100 percent to low fire.

Sulfur compounds: [**One**] <**Insert number**> part per million (dry volume basis and corrected to [**3**] <**Insert number**> percent oxygen) at any point from 100 percent to low fire.

Hydrocarbon and Volatile Organic Compounds: [**10**] <**Insert number**> parts per million (dry volume basis and corrected to [**3**] <**Insert number**> percent oxygen) at any point from 100 percent to low fire.

Particulate Matter: [**0.01 lb/MMBtu**] <**Insert value**>.

Smoke: Not visible and not to exceed No. 1 on the Bacharach smoke scale.

* + - * 1. Oil-Fired Boiler Emissions: Not to exceed allowable ambient air quality standards in governing jurisdiction and indicated values.

Carbon monoxide:

[**50**] <**Insert number**> parts per million at any point from 100 percent to [**50**] <**Insert number**> percent fire.

[**150**] <**Insert number**> parts per million at any point below [**50**] <**Insert number**>percent fire.

Nitrogen compounds: [**30**] [**20**] [**10**] <**Insert number**> parts per million (dry volume basis and corrected to [**3**] <**Insert number**> percent oxygen) at any point from 100 percent to low fire.

Sulfur compounds: [**One**] <**Insert number**> part per million (dry volume basis and corrected to [**3**] <**Insert number**> percent oxygen) at any point from 100 percent to low fire.

Hydrocarbon and Volatile Organic Compounds: [**10**] <**Insert number**> parts per million (dry volume basis and corrected to [**3**] <**Insert number**> percent oxygen) at any point from 100 percent to low fire.

Particulate Matter: [**0.01 lb/MMBtu**] <**Insert number**>.

Smoke: Not visible and not to exceed No. 1 on the Bacharach smoke scale.

* + - * 1. Multiple Boiler Operation: Equip individual boilers in multiple boiler applications with integral controls to provide multiple boiler operation for optimum system performance, energy efficiency, and the following:

Equalize runtime of boilers in service.

Operate multiple boilers hot to minimize disruption of service in the event of single boiler failure.

Configure controls so any boiler can be taken out of service with power disconnected and not impact multiple boiler operation.

<**Insert requirement**>.

Retain "Seismic Performance" Paragraph below with "Seismic Qualification Certificates" Paragraph in "Informational Submittals" Article for projects requiring seismic design. Delete paragraph if performance requirements are indicated on Drawings. Model building codes and ASCE/SEI 7 establish criteria for buildings subject to earthquake motions. Coordinate requirements with structural engineer.

* + - * 1. Seismic Performance: Boiler shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to [**ASCE/SEI 7**] <**Insert requirement**>.

Retain first subparagraph below to define the term "withstand" as it applies to this Project. Definition varies with type of building and occupancy and is critical to valid certification. Option is used for essential facilities where equipment must operate immediately after an earthquake.

The term "withstand" means "the boiler will remain in place without separation of any parts when subjected to the seismic forces specified[**and the boiler will be fully operational after the seismic event**]."

For life-safety components required to function after an earthquake (such as fire-sprinkler systems, components that contain hazardous content, and storage racks in structures open to the public), the Component Importance Factor is 1.5. For other components, the Component Importance Factor is 1.0 unless the structure is in Seismic Use Group III and component is necessary for continued operation of facility or failure of component could impair continued operation of facility, in which case the Component Importance Factor is 1.5.

Component Importance Factor: [**1.5**] [**1.0**].

See ASCE/SEI 7, Coefficients for Architectural Component Table and Seismic Coefficients for Mechanical and Electrical Components Table for requirements to be inserted in subparagraph below.

<**Insert requirements for Component Amplification Factor and Component Response Modification Factor**>.

Reference to ABMA publication in "Sound" Paragraph below may limit the number of qualified manufacturers capable of complying with this Specification.

* + - * 1. Sound: Boiler sound level, measured according to parameters defined in ABMA publication "Boiler 304 Measurement of Sound from Steam Generators" shall not exceed <**Insert number**> dBA.

Retain "Steam Quality" Paragraph below for steam boilers with special requirements.

* + - * 1. Steam Quality: [**99**] [**99.5**] <**Insert number**> percent dry[**and saturated**].

Retain "Operation Following Loss of Normal Power" Paragraph below if uninterrupted boiler operation is required without operator intervention.

* + - * 1. Operation Following Loss of Normal Power:

Equipment, associated factory- and field-installed controls, and associated electrical equipment and power supply connected to back-up power system shall automatically return equipment and associated controls to the operating state occurring immediately before loss of normal power without need for manual intervention by an operator when power is restored either through a back-up power source or through normal power if restored before back-up power is brought online.

Refer to Drawings for equipment served by back-up power systems.

Provide means and methods required to satisfy requirement even if not explicitly indicated.

Retain "Outdoor Installations" Paragraph below for boilers installed outdoors.

* + - * 1. Outdoor Installations:

Boiler shall be suitable for outdoor installation indicated. Provide adequate weather protection to ensure reliable service life over a [**25**] <**Insert number**> -year period, with minimal degradation due to exposure to outdoor ambient conditions.

Boilers equipped to provide safe and stable operation while achieving performance indicated when operating at extreme outdoor temperatures encountered by the installation. Review historical weather database and provide equipment that can operate at extreme outdoor temperatures recorded over past [**30**] <**Insert number**> -year period. Provide as part of boiler package, products such as combustion-air pre-heaters, and other means and methods required.

* + - * 1. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
        2. ASME Compliance: Fabricate and label boilers to comply with 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

"ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance" Paragraph below may be required to comply with Project requirements or authorities having jurisdiction and is required for sustainable design systems.

* + - * 1. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Boilers shall have minimum efficiency according to "Gas and Oil Fired Boilers - Minimum Efficiency Requirements."

Retain "ISO 14000 Certification" Paragraph below to require manufacturer to minimize impact on the environment.

* + - * 1. ISO 14000 Certification: Boiler manufacturer to provide certification stating that it has self-certified its company to ISO 14000.

Retain first option in "UL Compliance" Paragraph below for oil burners. Retain second option for combination gas and oil burners and third option for gas burners.

* + - * 1. UL Compliance: Test Boilers for compliance with [**UL 726**] [**UL 726 and UL 795**] [**UL 795**]. Boilers shall be listed and labeled by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
      1. HORIZONTAL FIRE-TUBE BOILERS

* + - * 1. [Manufacturers:](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?ulid=11529) Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

Cleaver-Brooks Fire Tube Boilers

Johnston Boiler Company Fire Tube Boilers

[Hurst Boiler & Welding Company, Inc](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457138888).

[IBC Technologies; a Rheem brand](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457195142).

[York-Shipley Global; Division of Power Mechanical, Inc](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457138885).

Approved equivalent.

* + - * 1. Pressure Vessel Design: [**Dry-**] [**or**] [**water**]back design with the following:

See the Evaluations for information related to number of passes and number of dry- and waterback designs. Manufacturers listed do not manufacture all combinations of options indicated in first subparagraph below. Limiting options could exclude some manufacturers. Coordinate requirements with manufacturers listed.

[**One**] [**Two**] [**Three**] [**or**] [**Four**] pass(es).

See "“Fire-Tube Boiler Characteristics"” Article in the Evaluations for discussion on heat-exchanger surface.

Minimum Heat-Exchanger Surface: [**5 sq. ft./bhp (2.1 sq. m/10 kW)**] [**As required to achieve performance indicated**] <**Insert value**>.

Provisions for lifting boiler in-place.

* + - * 1. Base:

Factory-mounted pressure vessel and other boiler components on steel saddles or supports that are fastened securely to a structural steel base that is constructed to make a complete self-supported unit requiring only a flat level surface for support.

Base included with attachments if required to secure boiler to structure.

Manufacturer’s standard provisions for lifting include the following.

Designed for handling and installation conditions encountered.

Sufficient to carry total weight of fully assembled boiler with a safety factor of [**1.2**] <**Insert value**>.

* + - * 1. Shell:

Horizontal, cylindrical, steel pressure vessel of size to satisfy performance requirements indicated.

Manholes and Handholes:

Manhole for waterside inspection and access.

Handholes at front and rear of boiler for waterside inspections.

According to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Retain "“Hot-Water Boilers"” Subparagraph below for hot-water boilers.

Hot-Water Boilers:

Supply- and return-water piping connections.

Connections with safety relief valve(s).

Drain connection(s), each with drain valve, at shell low point.

Connections for other trim indicated.

Built-in air separator.

Retain "“Steam Boilers"” Subparagraph below for steam boilers.

Steam Boilers:

Connections for steam supply, feedwater, level controls, and chemical treatment.

Baffle in shell below steam outlet to provide dry steam with no water carry over.

Bottom and surface blowdown connections.

Connections with safety relief valve(s).

Connections for other trim indicated.

* + - * 1. Furnace:

Welded cylindrical steel chamber that is welded to steel tube sheets.

Arranged to provide uniform heat distribution under all firing conditions with no flame impingement on any refractory-covered or waterbacked surface.

Surrounded by water without interfering with natural circulation of water within shell.

Positioned from shell to inhibit unequal thermal stresses during operation.

* + - * 1. Fire Tubes:

Steel, seamless or resistance welded.

Fitted in accurately sized holes in tube sheets and [**rolled**] [**or**] [**welded**] in place.

Aligned to prevent noticeable deformation with undue stress when boiler is put in service.

Tube and tube sheet assembly shall be water- and gastight.

Arranged not to interfere with natural circulation of water in shell or to inhibit cleaning and flushing of water sides.

Readily removable from one end of boiler.

Retain subparagraph below to restrict use of inserted devices in tubes that are sometimes used to improve performance. Requirement will limit use of some manufacturers'’ products. Coordinate with listed manufacturers.

Provided without spinners, turbulators, and other inserted devices.

* + - * 1. Flue:

Flanged connection located along top centerline of boiler and capable of supporting a field-installed flue stack with a weight of at least [**2000 lb (8.9 kN)**] <**Insert weight**>.

Equip boiler flue with bimetal thermometer in a stainless-steel case, with angle position adjustment and nominal [**5-inch (120-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face having a graduated scale and range of approximately [**1.5**] <**Insert number**> times the outlet temperature. Mount thermometer in a Type 316 stainless-steel thermowell that is located in a visible location to indicate flue-gas temperature.

* + - * 1. Front and Rear Doors:

[**Bolted**] [**Hinged**] [**or**] [**davited**], sealed with heat-resistant gaskets and fastened with lugs and cap screws.

Designed so tube sheets and flues are fully accessible for inspection or cleaning when doors are open [**without the need to disconnect burner, blower, and fuel piping**].

Include observation ports in doors at both ends of boiler for inspection of flame conditions.

Some boiler designs do not use refractory to insulate the doors. Verify requirements with listed manufacturers and revise options to restrict requirements.

Door [**refractory**] [**or**] [**and**] [**insulation**] shall be accessible for inspection and maintenance.

Reinforce doors of dryback boilers to limit deflection due to thermal stresses and burner combustion pulsations to prevent progressive cracking and loosening of refractory.

Retain "“Refractories"” Paragraph below if applicable to boiler design retained. Some waterback boiler designs do use refractories.

* + - * 1. Refractories:

Refractories retained shall withstand temperature occurring under maximum load conditions.

Formed or cast-in sections shall be easily replaceable through factory openings.

Secure refractory sections in position to withstand vibration and shock occurring during shipment, and to withstand burner combustion pulsations.

Where used for the burner combustion ring and rear or target baffle, refractories shall have a parametric cone equivalent of not less than 33.

Provide refractory for doors and end covers exposed to temperatures of [**600 deg F (316 deg C)**] <**Insert value**> and higher.

* + - * 1. Insulation:

Minimum 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick, mineral-fiber insulation surrounding the boiler shell and secured in place to prevent sagging or displacement.

Insulation of sufficient density or attached with reinforcement to prevent permanent deformation of protective jacket when subjected to an impact force of <**Insert value**> and forces associated with service personnel walking, kneeling, and laying on boiler while performing service.

Retain subparagraph below for applications with stringent safety requirements that limit exposure to hot surfaces.

Insulating value sufficient to limit exterior surface temperature of pressure vessel jacket, doors, and end covers from exceeding <**Insert temperature**> while operating in an ambient environment with a temperature of <**Insert temperature**>, surface wind velocity of <**Insert velocity**>, and boiler operating at full capacity.

* + - * 1. Jacket: [**Galvanized sheet**] [**Sheet**] metal, with factory-applied protective finish.

Nominal Thickness: Not less than [**0.030 inch (0.8 mm)**] [**0.048 inch (1.2 mm)**] <**Insert thickness**>.

Preformed shape to follow a smooth and uniform contour of pressure vessel and encapsulating insulation.

Consisting of multiple removable sections attached with corrosion-resistant screw-fasteners to facilitate removal and replacement multiple times.

Painted after assembly.

* + - 1. VERTICAL FIRE-TUBE BOILERS

* + - * 1. [Manufacturers:](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?ulid=11530) Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

[Hurst Boiler & Welding Company, Inc](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457138896).

[IBC Technologies; a Rheem brand](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457200301).

[Precision Boilers](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457138900).

[Raypak; a Rheem brand](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457195652).

Approved equivalent.

* + - * 1. Description: Factory-fabricated, -assembled, and -tested, vertical fire-tube boilers with heat exchanger sealed pressure tight, built on a steel base; including insulated jacket, flue-gas vent, water-supply and -return connections, and controls.
        2. Pressure Vessel Design: Straight, steel pipe welded in a concentric pattern to separate flue-gas and heating media to form [**two**] [**four**] passes with welded fins to improve heat transfer in secondary flue-gas passages. Include the following accessories:

Handholes for waterside inspections.

Lifting lugs on top of boiler.

Minimum NPS 1 (DN 25) hose-end drain valves at water passage low point.

Retain first two subparagraphs below for hot-water boilers only.

Tappings or flanges for water-supply and -return piping.

Built-in air separator.

Retain two subparagraphs below for steam boilers only.

Accessible drain and blowdown tappings, both high and low, for surface and mud removal.

Tappings for steam supply, makeup, level controls, and chemical treatment.

* + - * 1. Combustion Chamber: Equipped with flame retainer to lengthen flame-residence time.
        2. Insulation: Minimum 4-inch- (100-mm-) thick, mineral-fiber insulation surrounding the heat exchanger and combustion chamber.
        3. Flue: Top connection, constructed of [**aluminized**] [**stainless**] steel.
        4. Jacket:

Retain one of first two subparagraphs below.

Mirror-finish stainless steel with screw-fastened closures.

[**Galvanized sheet**] [**Sheet**] metal, with screw-fastened closures and [**baked-enamel**] [**powder-coated**] protective finish.

Mounting base to secure boiler to concrete base.

Retain "“Barometric Damper"” Paragraph below if required by stack draft design conditions.

* + - * 1. Barometric Damper: Galvanized-steel assembly with flue-gas thermometer having a minimum 3-1/2-inch- (89-mm-) diameter dial.
      1. FIREBOX BOILERS

* + - * 1. [Manufacturers:](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?ulid=11531) Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:

[Hurst Boiler & Welding Company, Inc](http://www.specagent.com/Lookup?uid=123457138903).

Approved equivalent.

* + - * 1. Description: Factory-fabricated, -assembled, and -tested, firebox boilers with heat exchanger sealed pressure tight, built on a steel base; including insulated jacket, flue-gas vent, water-supply and -return connections, and controls.
        2. Pressure Vessel Design: Straight, steel tubes [**rolled**] [**or**] [**welded**] into steel headers. Three passes with wetback design. Minimum heat-exchanger surface of 5 sq. ft./bhp (2.1 sq. m/10 kW). Include the following features and accessories:

Tube Size and Thickness: [**Minimum NPS 2 (DN 50), minimum 0.105 inch (2.667 mm) thick**] <**Insert size and thickness**>.

Brass washout plugs.

Steel turbulators.

Lifting lugs on top of boiler.

Minimum NPS 1 (DN 25) hose-end drain valves at shell low point.

Retain first two subparagraphs below for hot-water boilers only.

Tappings or flanges for water-supply and -return piping.

Built-in air separator.

Retain two subparagraphs below for steam boilers only.

Accessible drain and blowdown tappings, both high and low, for surface and mud removal.

Tappings for steam supply, makeup, level controls, and chemical treatment.

* + - * 1. Combustion Chamber: Welded steel, [**waterwall and -floor design**] [**water-leg design with refractory insulation poured in the floor**]. Flame observation port.
        2. Insulation:

Minimum 2-inch- (50-mm-) thick, [**foil-backed,**]mineral-fiber insulation surrounding the boiler shell.

Insulated removable smoke boxes and reversing chamber cover.

* + - * 1. Flue: Steel, [**top**] [**or**] [**rear**].
        2. Jacket: Sheet metal, with screw-fastened closures and [**baked-enamel**] [**powder-coated**] protective finish.

Retain "“Barometric Damper"” Paragraph below if required by stack draft design conditions.

* + - * 1. Barometric Damper: Galvanized-steel assembly with flue-gas thermometer having a minimum 3-1/2-inch- (89-mm-) diameter dial.
      1. BURNER
         1. Burner designed to fire [**gas**] [**oil**] [**combination gas and oil**]. [**Single burner shall be used for duel fuels.**]
         2. Welded construction with multivane, stainless-steel, flame-retention diffuser.

Retain first paragraph below for oil and combination gas and oil burners that use air atomizing.

* + - * 1. Single-tip retractable nozzle for low-pressure air-atomizing burner.

Retain option in first paragraph below to provide feature that restricts boiler design. Verify requirement with listed manufacturers.

* + - * 1. Mount burner [**on hinged front access door**] to permit unrestricted access to combustion chamber.
        2. Burner Operation: [**On/off**] [**Low-high fire**] [**or**] [**full modulating**] control to return to low-fire position for ignition.

Retain "“Gas-Fired Burner,"” "“Oil-Fired Burner,"” or "“Combination Gas- and Oil-Fired Burner"” Subparagraph below if retaining fourth option in "“Burner Operation"” Paragraph above. Retain subparagraph below based on boiler fuel source: gas-fired burner turndown, oil-fired burner, or combination gas- and oil-fired burner. Turndown options are examples only. Turndown varies significantly by manufacturer, product, and application. Verify performance with listed manufacturers for specific applications before revising subparagraphs below.

Gas-Fired Burner: [**4 to 1**] [**8 to 1**] [**10 to 1**] <**Insert value**> turndown.

Oil-Fired Burner: [**4 to 1**] [**8 to 1**] <**Insert value**> turndown.

Combination Gas- and Oil-Fired Burner: [**4 to 1**] [**8 to 1**] <**Insert value**> turndown.

Retain subparagraph below to allow manufacturer the option to propose an alternative.

A lesser turndown shall be considered if published factory performance testing shows no loss in operating performance and no negative impact on service life and maintenance while operating throughout full range of system operating conditions encountered.

* + - * 1. Burner Fuel Combustion Efficiency: Minimum [**99.9**] <**Insert number**> percent.
        2. Gas Pilot: Premix type with automatic electric ignition, complete with electronic flame scanner to monitor the pilot, so primary fuel valve cannot open until pilot flame has been established.
        3. Oil Pilot: [**Intermittent**] [**Interrupted**]-electric-spark pilot ignition with 100 percent main-valve and pilot-safety shutoff solenoid with [**cadmium sulfide**] [**UV scanner**] flame-safety control.
        4. Manual adjustments not required to operate at varying loads.
        5. Performance shall be repeatable after changes in firing rate.
        6. Control devices and sequence shall comply with [**ASME CSD-1**] [**NFPA 85**] [**FM Global**] [**Industrial Risk Insurers (IRI)**] [**and**] [**or**] [**UL**] requirements.
        7. Damper: Designed to provide accurate control of combustion air with minimum hysteresis. Damper shall close when boiler is off.
      1. BLOWER
         1. Combustion air supplied by a forced-draft blower assembly that is isolated to reduce vibration and noise.

Retain one option in first paragraph below to provide feature that restricts boiler design. Verify requirement with listed manufacturers.

* + - * 1. Mount blower [**integral to burner**] [**or**] [**on hinged front access door**] to permit unrestricted access to combustion chamber.
        2. Centrifugal type, with a forward-curve, backward-inclined airfoil or radial blade wheel.
        3. Blower and drive assembly shall be controlled through boiler’s integral controls in response boiler manufacturer’s prescribed sequence of operation that is coordinated with burner and fuel train to achieve performance indicated.

Where indicated or required to achieve performance, provide blower with unit-mounted variable-frequency controller to vary blower speed in response to prescribed control set point and changes in operating conditions.

Variable-speed fan operation shall be checked for resonant frequencies and adjusted to provide no resonant frequencies throughout entire operating range.

* + - * 1. Blower Drive Assembly: [**Belt**] [**or**] [**direct**] drive.

Retain "“Belts"” and "“Belt Guards"” subparagraphs below for belt drives.

Belts: Multiple matching belts that are oil resistant, non-static conducting and sized for a [**2.0**] <**Insert value**> service factor.

Belt Guards: Easily removable guard that encloses drive.

* + - * 1. Blower Motor:

Default motor characteristics are specified in Section 230513 "“Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."”

General Requirements: Comply with requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "“Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment"” unless more stringent requirements are indicated below:

Efficiency: [**Premium efficient**] <**Insert requirement**>.

Enclosure: [**Open dripproof**] [**Totally enclosed**] [**or**] [**totally enclosed, fan cooled**].

Insulation Class: [**F**] [**H**] <**Insert requirement**>.

Service Factor: [**1.15**] <**Insert value**>.

Motors operated through variable-frequency controllers shall be inverter duty rated according to NEMA MG-1.

Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated and large enough so driven load does not require motor to operate in service factor.

* + - 1. GAS TRAIN

Retain this article for gas-fired boilers.

* + - * 1. Comply with Director’s Representative insurance underwriter requirements. In absence of specific requirements, comply with more stringent requirements indicated.
        2. Pilot gas piping train shall include:

Retain subparagraphs below to require applicable features for pilot gas train.

One manually operated, lubricated plug cock or ball valve upstream of all valves and accessories.

One pressure regulator with vent.

Pressure gage located downstream of pressure regulator. Nominal [**2-inch (50-mm)**] [**4-inch (100-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face with graduated scale to indicate gas pressure. Gage shall have normal operating pressure of about [**50**] <**Insert number**> percent of full range.

Primary and secondary automatic valves to operate simultaneously.

Normally open, full port electrically operated valve in a vent pipe connected between automatic valves.

Manually operated valve with threaded plug located downstream of both automatic gas valves to permit leakage testing.

<**Insert feature**>.

* + - * 1. Main gas piping train shall include:

Retain subparagraphs below to require applicable features for main gas train.

Threaded pressure tapping with threaded plug upstream and downstream of valve and regulator.

One manually operated, lubricated plug cock, ball valve, or butterfly valve upstream and downstream of all valves and accessories.

**[One main pressure regulator with vent][One main vent-less type pressure regulator].**

Primary and secondary automatic valves to operate simultaneously.

Manually operated gas valve with threaded plug located downstream of both automatic gas valves to permit leakage testing.

Normally open, full port electrically operated valve in a vent pipe connected between automatic valves.

Pressure gage with isolation valve located upstream and downstream of pressure regulator and at inlet to burner. Nominal [**2-inch (50-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face with graduated scale to indicate gas pressure. Gage shall have normal operating pressure of about [**50**] <**Insert value**> percent of full range.

Proof of closure switch for each motor-operated valve and pressure regulator.

Low-gas-pressure and high-gas-pressure switch.

<**Insert feature**>.

* + - * 1. Control devices and sequence shall comply with [**ASME CSD-1**] [**NFPA 85**] [**FM Global**] [**Industrial Risk Insurers (IRI)**] [**and**] [**or**] [**UL**] requirements.

Retain option in first paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Main gas valves shall be wired to close automatically in the event of power failure[**, low water level,**]or any safety shutdown condition.
        2. Mount pilot and main gas trains on side of boiler and support from boiler base.
      1. OIL TRAIN

Retain this article for oil-fired boilers.

* + - * 1. Comply with Director’s Representative insurance underwriter requirements. In absence of specific requirements, comply with more stringent requirements indicated.
        2. Control devices and sequence shall comply with [**ASME CSD-1**] [**NFPA 85**] [**FM Global**] [**Industrial Risk Insurers (IRI)**] [**and**] [**or**] [**UL**] requirements.

Retain "Oil Pump" Paragraph below if oil pump is to be provided with boiler. Oil pump can be factory mounted or furnished for field installation. Revise performance requirements for application.

* + - * 1. Oil Pump:

Gear-type oil pump, factory [**mounted**] [**furnished and shipped loose for field installation**].

[**Single-**] [**or**] [**Two-**] stage pump capable of producing <**Insert value**> discharge pressure and [**15-inch Hg (51-kPa)**] <**Insert value**> vacuum.

Capacity equal to approximately [**2**] <**Insert number**> times maximum burner fuel consumption.

Motor shall comply with requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."

Retain "Low-Pressure Air-Atomizing System" Paragraph below for atomizing-type burner.

* + - * 1. Low-Pressure Air-Atomizing System:

Separate air compressor module, factory [**mounted**] [**furnished and shipped loose for field installation**], with burner-mounted, low-atomizing-air-pressure switch.

Complete system for each burner, furnished by burner manufacturer, including compressor, drive, air filter, after cooler, low-pressure switch, and piping.

Low-air-pressure switch interlocked to prevent burner operation if air pressure failure occurs.

Motor shall comply with requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."

* + - * 1. Oil Burner Piping:

Factory-installed fuel oil piping shall include the following:

Oil-pressure-regulating devices.

Oil metering controls.

Low-oil-pressure switch.

Two motorized oil valves.

Pressure gauges.

* + - * 1. Piping Specialties:

Suction-line, manual shutoff valve.

Removable-mesh strainer.

Retain "Oil Filter" Subparagraph below to provide additional protection.

Oil Filter: Oil filter with permanent edge-type elements that are cleanable by rotation of a handle without interruption to flow.

Element Spacing: 0.0035 inch (0.1 mm).

Maximum Pressure Loss: [**3 psig (20 kPa)**] <**Insert value**>.

Provide with plugged drain.

0- to 30-inch Hg (0- to 101.3-kPa) vacuum; 0- to 30-psig (0- to 207-kPa) vacuum-pressure gage.

[**0- to 300-psig (0- to 2070-kPa)**] <**Insert pressure**> oil-nozzle pressure gage.

Nozzle-line, solenoid-safety-shutoff oil valve.

Relief valve located in discharge piping of oil pump with valve discharge connected to oil pump suction piping.

* + - * 1. Main piping shall include the following (in order, starting at field connection and moving to burner):

Retain subparagraphs below to require applicable features for oil train.

Manual shutoff valve.

Removable-mesh strainer.

Oil filter.

Pressure gage with isolation valve.

Pressure regulator.

Low-pressure switch.

High-pressure switch.

Flow meter.

Flow control valve.

Thermometer.

Valved drain.

Automatic safety shutoff valve.

Valved leak test.

Automatic safety shutoff valve.

Valved leak test.

Manual shutoff valve.

Pressure gage with isolation valve.

<**Insert component**>.

* + - * 1. Mount train on side of boiler and support from boiler base.
      1. FLUE-GAS RECIRCULATION
         1. Equip boiler with packaged flue-gas recirculation system if required to satisfy emission requirements.
         2. Complete package integrating burner, combustion-air blower and damper, fuel train, and controls. Provide interconnecting external ducting if required by manufacturer's design.
      2. HOT-WATER BOILER TRIM

Retain this article for hot-water boilers.

In first paragraph below, retain first option if boiler operating pressure exceeds 160 psig (1100 kPa) or boiler temperature exceeds 250 deg F (120 deg C); otherwise retain second option.

* + - * 1. Include devices sized to comply with [**ASME B31.1**] [**ASME B31.9**].

Retain option in "Water Temperature Controllers" Paragraph below if using modulating or low-high firing sequence.

* + - * 1. Water Temperature Controllers: Operating[**, firing rate,**] and high limit.
        2. Safety Relief Valve: ASME rated.
        3. Pressure and Temperature Gage: Minimum [**3-1/2-inch- (89-mm-)**] <**Insert size**> diameter, combination water-pressure and -temperature gage. Gages shall have operating-pressure and -temperature ranges, so normal operating range is about [**50**] <**Insert number**> percent of full range.
        4. Boiler Air Vent: [**Automatic**] [**Manual**].
        5. Drain Valve: Minimum [**NPS 3/4 (DN 20)**] <**Insert size**> hose-end valve with threaded cap and chain.
      1. STEAM BOILER TRIM

Retain this article for steam boilers.

In first paragraph below, retain first option if boiler operating pressure exceeds 15 psig (104 kPa) and second option if boiler operating pressure is 15 psig (104 kPa) or less.

* + - * 1. Include devices sized to comply with [**ASME B31.1**] [**ASME B31.9**].

Retain option in "Pressure Controllers" Paragraph below if using modulating or low-high firing sequence.

* + - * 1. Pressure Controllers: Operating[**, firing rate,**] and high limit.
        2. Safety Relief Valve:

Size and Capacity: As required for equipment according to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Description: Fully enclosed steel spring with adjustable pressure range and positive shutoff; factory set and sealed.

Drip-Pan Elbow: Cast iron and having flanged or threaded inlet and outlet with threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.

Retain "Exhaust Head" Subparagraph for boilers installed outdoors.

Exhaust Head: Install exhaust head on vent pipe connected to safety relief valve.

* + - * 1. Pressure Gage: Nominal [**4-inch (100-mm)**] [**6-inch (150-mm)**] [**8-inch (200-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face with graduated scale and siphon, with isolation valve to indicate pressure vessel steam pressure. Gage shall have boiler normal operating pressure of about [**50**] <**Insert number**> percent of full range and an accuracy of [**0.5**] [**1**] <**Insert number**> percent.
        2. Bimetal Thermometer: Stainless-steel case with angle position adjustment and nominal [**5-inch (125-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face having a graduated scale with a range of approximately [**1.5**] <**Insert number**> times the outlet temperature. Mount thermometer in a Type 316 stainless-steel thermowell to indicate steam temperature inside pressure vessel.
        3. Water Column: Minimum [**12-inch (300-mm)**] <**Insert size**> [**reflex**] glass gage with gage rods to protect glass, ball check and shutoff cocks, water column blowdown valves, and vacuum breaker. Midpoint of gage shall be at normal operating water level.

In "Bottom Blowdown Valves" Paragraph below, retain option if boiler operating pressure exceeds 100 psig (690 kPa).

* + - * 1. Bottom Blowdown Valves: Factory-installed, duty-rated, slow-acting blowdown valves and interconnecting piping same size as boiler nozzle.[**Blowdown valves shall be combination of slow and quick acting as required by ASME B31.1.**]

In "Surface Blowdown Valves" Paragraph below, retain option for boilers with integral automated control of surface blowdown.

* + - * 1. Surface Blowdown Valves: Factory-installed, duty-rated isolation valves and interconnecting piping.[**In addition, provide electrically operated control valve, duty rated, to control total dissolved solids (TDS) through boiler controls.**]
        2. Stop Valves: Boiler outlets, except safety relief valves, shall be equipped with duty-rated stop valve in an accessible location as near as is practical to boiler nozzle and same size or larger than nozzle. Valves larger than NPS 2 (DN 50) shall have rising stem.

Retain "Stop-Check Valves" Paragraph below for boilers that operate at more than 15 psig (104 kPa) and supply steam to a common steam header with other boilers.

* + - * 1. Stop-Check Valves: Factory-installed, duty-rated stop-check valve and stop valve at boiler outlet with free-blow drain valve field installed between the two valves and visible when operating stop-check valve.

Retain one of two "Feedwater Valves" Paragraphs below. Retain second paragraph for boilers with integral automated control of water level. Coordinate requirements with boiler feedwater equipment specified in other Sections.

* + - * 1. Feedwater Valves: Factory-installed, duty-rated stop and check valves and interconnecting piping. Stop valves larger than NPS 2 (DN 50) shall have rising stem.
        2. Feedwater Valves: Factory-installed, three-valve bypass arrangement with modulating control valve positioned between duty-rated stop valves, bypass piping with throttling valve, check valve, and interconnecting piping. Stop and throttling valves larger than NPS 2 (DN 50) shall have rising stem. Modulating control valve shall have the following features and characteristics:

Duty rated with electric operator to control water level through boiler controls.

Equal percentage flow characteristic.

Valve Flow: [**Indicated on Drawings**] [**1.25 times boiler output**] <**Insert requirements**>.

Valve Pressure and Temperature Rating: Equal to boiler.

Shut-off Leakage: [**0.0001**] <**Insert number**> percent of valve coefficient.

* + - * 1. Chemical Injection Assembly: Factory-installed, duty-rated injection quill with ball check valve and isolation valve compatible with dispensed chemical.
        2. Sample Cooler: Factory [**installed**] [**or**] [**furnished for field installation**], with [**needle**] valve for each connection.[**Constructed of Type 316 stainless steel.**]
      1. CONTROLS
         1. Boiler operating controls shall include the following devices and features:

Control transformer(s) with fuse protection, as required by manufacturer, to implement requirements indicated. Provide transformer with 25 percent spare capacity.

Set-Point Adjust: Operating and alarm set points shall be field adjustable.

Retain "Pressure Control for Steam Boilers" Paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Pressure Control for Steam Boilers:

Operating-Pressure Control: Factory wired and mounted to control boiler to maintain boiler at constant pressure within [**2**] <**Insert number**> percent of set point.

High-Pressure Cutoff with Automatic Reset: Control stops burner if operating conditions rise above normal operating-pressure set point. Set point shall be adjustable.

High-Pressure Cutoff with Manual Reset: Control stops burner operation upon reaching adjustable high limit set point that is below safety valve setting.

Retain "Water-Level Control for Steam Boilers" Paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Water-Level Control for Steam Boilers:

Retain one of two "Operating Water-Level Control" subparagraphs below.

Operating Water-Level Control: Cycle feedwater pump(s) for water-level control.

Operating Water-Level Control: Operate feedwater pump(s) continuously and modulate boiler feedwater valve in response to [**water level**] [**steam flow rate and rate of pressure change**] [**water level, steam flow rate, and rate of pressure change**] for water-level control.

Low-Water Cutoff Switch: [**Electronic**] [**Float and electronic**] probe shall prevent burner operation on low water. Cutoff switch shall be [**manual**] [**automatic**]-reset type.

Auxiliary Low-Water Cutoff Switch: [**Electronic**] [**Float and electronic**] probe shall prevent burner operation on low-water alarm limit. Cutoff switch shall be manual-reset type.

Retain first four subparagraphs below for microprocessor control with better accuracy and additional features.

Microprocessor-based control.

Accuracy within [**0.01 inch (0.25 mm)**] <**Insert value**>.

Visual indication of level, alarms, and errors through alphanumeric display.

Features:

Revise subparagraphs below to require applicable features.

Continuous water-level indication.

Low-water cutoff and alarm.

High-water alarm.

Low- and high-water warning.

Control of feedwater pump.

Control of modulating feedwater control valve.

Continuous monitoring of float operation.

Column blowdown detection and reminder.

Auxiliary low-water cutoff check.

Auto and manual reset.

Alarm annunciation.

<**Insert feature**>.

Retain "Operating Controls for Hot-Water Boilers" Paragraph below for hot-water boilers.

* + - * 1. Operating Controls for Hot-Water Boilers:

Retain one of three "Sequence of Operation" subparagraphs below.

Sequence of Operation: Electric, factory-fabricated and field-installed panel to control burner firing rate to reset supply-water temperature inversely with outdoor-air temperature. At [**0 deg F (minus 17 deg C)**] <**Insert temperature**> outdoor-air temperature, set supply-water temperature at [**200 deg F (93 deg C)**] <**Insert temperature**>; at [**60 deg F (15 deg C)**] <**Insert temperature**> outdoor-air temperature, set supply-water temperature at [**140 deg F (60 deg C)**] <**Insert temperature**>.

Sequence of Operation: Indicated on Drawings.

Sequence of Operation: <**Insert requirements**>.

Retain "Multiple Boiler Operation" Paragraph below for control of multiple boilers.

* + - * 1. Multiple Boiler Operation: Include automatic, alternating-firing sequence for multiple boilers to ensure maximum system efficiency throughout the load range and to provide equal runtime for boilers.

Retain "Boiler Emergency Shutdown" Paragraph below if emergency shutdown is provided with boiler.

* + - * 1. Boiler Emergency Shutdown: Interlock with field-installed boiler emergency shutdown switch to shut down boiler when activated. Manufacturer to furnish break-glass-type switch with permanent nameplate titled "Boiler Emergency Shutdown" for field installation.

Retain "Chemical Feed System Interface" Paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Chemical Feed System Interface: Dry contacts to interface control and operation of chemical feed pump.

Retain "Burner Safety Controls for Steam Boilers" Paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Burner Safety Controls for Steam Boilers: To maintain safe operating conditions, burner safety controls limit burner operation.

High Cutoff: [**Automatic**] [**and**] [**Manual**] reset stops burner if operating conditions rise above maximum boiler operating pressure.

Low-Water Cutoff Switch: Float and electronic probe shall prevent burner operation on low water. Cutoff switch shall be automatic-reset type.

Auxiliary Low-Water Cutoff Switch: Float and electronic probe shall prevent burner operation on low-water alarm limit. Cutoff switch shall be manual-reset type.

Audible Alarm: Factory mounted on control panel with silence switch; shall sound alarm for above conditions.

Retain "Burner Safety Controls for Hot-Water Boilers" Paragraph below for hot-water boilers.

* + - * 1. Burner Safety Controls for Hot-Water Boilers: To maintain safe operating conditions, burner safety controls limit burner operation.

High Cutoff: [**Automatic**] [**and**] [**Manual**] reset stops burner if operating conditions rise above boiler design temperature.

Low-Water Cutoff Switch: Electronic probe shall prevent burner operation on low water. Cutoff switch shall be [**manual**] [**automatic**]-reset type.

Auxiliary Low-Water Cutoff Switch: Electronic probe shall prevent burner operation on low-water alarm limit. Cutoff switch shall be manual-reset type.

Audible Alarm: Factory mounted on control panel with silence switch; shall sound alarm for above conditions.

* + - * 1. Burner Flame Safeguard Controls:

Factory equipped with flame safeguard control and infrared flame scanner.

Microprocessor-based, solid-state control having sequence and flame-on visual indication and fault code indications of flame safeguard trip functions.

Control shall include dynamic self-check logic.

Control shall have a fixed operating sequence incapable of being manually altered that includes start, prepurge, pilot and main fuel ignition run, and postpurge cycles.

Control shall be nonrecycle type for maximum safety that shall shut down the burner and indicate, as a minimum, the following trip functions:

Pilot and main flame failure.

High- and low-fire proving switch faults.

Running interlocks open.

False flame signal and fuel valve open.

Control shall include a run/test switch to allow interruptions to sequence just after prepurge and during pilot ignition trial, and run cycles for adjustments to firing rate motor, damper linkages, and pilot flame for minimum turndown tests.

* + - * 1. Combustion-Air Controls: Factory equipped with motor-operated combustion-air damper and blower control to regulate burner fire according to load demand.

Retain "Oxygen Trim Control" Paragraph below for automatic control of burner and combustion air in response to oxygen set point.

* + - * 1. Oxygen Trim Control:

Provide oxygen trim system to continuously monitor and display oxygen concentrations in boiler flue gas and adjust fuel and airflow to maintain an adjustable oxygen-level set point.

System shall compensate for changes in ambient temperature, barometric pressure, humidity, and variations in fuel characteristics.

Retain "Surface Blowdown Control" Paragraph below for steam boilers with automated control of surface blowdown.

* + - * 1. Surface Blowdown Control: Provide a conductivity sensor and control circuitry to operate an automatic control valve in surface blowdown piping to maintain total dissolved solids (TDS) within boiler manufacturer's prescribed level.

Retain first paragraph below if boiler controls interface with building automation or DDC system.

* + - * 1. [**Building Automation**] [**DDC**] System Interface: Factory install hardware and software to enable system to monitor, control, and display boiler status and alarms.

Retain "Hardwired I/O Points" Subparagraph below if interface with control system is through hardwired points and minimal interface is required. If extensive interface is required, delete subparagraph below and retain "Communication Interface" Subparagraph below, or retain both subparagraphs if requiring both hardwired and communication interface. Contact listed boiler manufacturers to verify interface requirements retained are available.

Hardwired I/O Points:

Monitoring: On/off status, [**common trouble alarm**] [**low-water-level alarm**] <**Insert monitoring points**>.

Control: On/off operation, [**hot-water-supply temperature set-point adjustment**] [**steam pressure adjustment**] <**Insert control points**>.

Retain "Communication Interface" Subparagraph below if extensive interface is required and is beyond that than can be provided by hardwired points. Coordinate communication protocol option selected with control system requirements. Contact listed boiler manufacturers to verify interface requirements are available.

Communication Interface: [**ASHRAE 135 (BACnet)**] [**(LonTalk)**] [**Modbus**] [**Industry-accepted, open-protocol**] <**Insert type of interface**> communication interface shall enable control system operator to remotely control on/off and capacity of boiler and monitor the boiler operation from an operator workstation. Control features are available, and monitoring points are displayed locally at boiler-control panel through the interface.

Retain "Integrated Boiler-Control System" Paragraph below for an advanced level of boiler controls. Verify availability with listed boiler manufacturers.

* + - * 1. Integrated Boiler-Control System:

Integral control of burner management for flame safety, boiler modulation, and operator interface functions with features and functions indicated.

Factory preconfigured.

Utilizing solid-state controls and sensors to provide various control functions, including the following:

Automatic sequencing of the boiler through standby, prepurge, pilot flame establishing period, main flame establishing period, run, flame proving and lockout, and postpurge.

Full modulating control of air and fuel through Proportional-Integral-Derivative (PID) algorithm.

Thermal shock protection.

High and low limit alarms and shutdowns.

Local operator interface through nominal [**10-inch (250-mm)**] <**Insert size**> color touch screen graphical display for setup, monitoring, and data acquisition.

Manual control of the boiler firing rate using control screens to increment or decrement firing rate.

Indication of burner management controller status and diagnostics.

Display of system alarms and faults.

Display of history of alarms and faults.

Display of recommendations for troubleshooting of fault conditions.

Display of water-level indication and alarm(s).

Stack flue-gas, combustion-air, and shell water-temperature indication.

Boiler efficiency calculation and display.

Low-fire hold with minimum temperature control.

Assured low-fire cutoff (ALFCO).

High stack temperature annunciation with auto cutoff.

Audible alarm and silencing through touch screen intervention.

Fully integrated control of the following:

Revise first six subparagraphs below to require applicable features.

Blower operation and combustion-air damper for varying operating conditions.

Oxygen trim and monitoring to compensate for combustion-air variations.

Parallel positioning for independent fuel and air control for enhanced fuel efficiency.

Multiple boiler lead/lag control with hot standby.

Draft control for maintaining proper and consistent draft for enhanced fuel efficiency.

<**Insert additional features**>.

E-mail and paging feature to multiple contacts via Internet and phone line independent of control system interface.

LAN/WAN interface with remote monitoring software to allow remote monitoring independent of control system interface.

* + - * 1. Control Enclosures:

In first subparagraph below, Type 1 is the most common for indoor applications that are not susceptible to moisture, and Type 12 is second most common. Type 4X is used primarily in corrosive environments. Contact manufacturer to confirm option retained is available.

NEMA 250, Type [**1**] [**4**] [**4X**] [**12**] <**Insert type**>.

Provide enclosure with integral vents, fans, heater, and air conditioner as required to automatically control temperature inside enclosure within safe operating limits of devices installed within the enclosure.

Wiring shall be numbered and color-coded to match wiring diagram. Provide a laminated wiring diagram located inside enclosure.

Mounted on boiler assembly at a location convenient to operator.

Provide hinged full-size door with key lock. Provide common key for all locks.

Enclosure shall consist of multiple sections divided by a partition with a separate hinged door for each section. One section shall house low-voltage controls and other section shall house line voltage controls.

Enclosure shall house the following:

Control transformers with fuses.

Labeled terminal strips.

Controller(s) to provide control and alarm functions indicated.

Audible indication of safety alarms.

Face of enclosure shall provide the following:

Visual indication of operating components and alarms.

Auto/local capability to allow operator to manually operate boiler locally.

Audible alarm-silence capability.

Labels for switches, lights, and displays to provide clear indication of service.

* + - * 1. Control Instrument Enclosures: Control instruments and devices that are mounted on the boiler assembly and cannot be installed inside the control enclosure shall have same or higher level of protection indicated for control enclosures.
        2. Control Cable and Wire:

Control cable and wiring shall be numbered and color-coded to match wiring diagram.

Install cable and wiring located outside of enclosure(s) in a[**metal**] raceway. Use flexible conduit to make final terminations. Provide watertight installation for applications exposed to moisture.

* + - 1. ELECTRICAL POWER
         1. Single-Point Field Power Connection: Factory-installed and -wired switches, motor controllers, transformers, and other electrical devices necessary shall provide a single-point field power connection to boiler.

In "Enclosure" Subparagraph below, Type 1 is the most common for indoor applications that are not susceptible to moisture, and Type 12 is second most common. Type 4X is used primarily in corrosive environments. Contact manufacturer to confirm option retained is available.

Enclosure: NEMA 250, Type [**1**] [**4**] [**4X**] [**12**] <**Insert type**>.

Enclosure shall have integral vents, fans, heat, and air conditioner as required to automatically control temperature inside enclosure within safe operating limits of devices installed within the enclosure.

Mounted on boiler assembly at a location convenient to operator.

Enclosure shall have hinged full-size door with key lock with common key for all locks.

Wiring shall be numbered and color-coded to match wiring diagram. Provide a laminated wiring diagram located inside enclosure.

Install wiring outside of an enclosure in a [**metal**]raceway. Make final connections to motors using flexible conduit. Provide watertight installation for applications exposed to moisture.

Field power interface shall be to [**fused disconnect switch**] [**nonfused disconnect switch**] [**circuit breaker**]. Withstanding rating of disconnecting means shall protect equipment. Coordinate requirements with field electrical power source.

Provide branch power circuit to each motor and to controls[**with a disconnect switch or circuit breaker**].

Provide each motor with NEMA-rated motor controller, hand-off-auto switch, and overcurrent protection. Provide variable-frequency controller with manual bypass and line reactors for each variable-speed motor indicated.

Provide transformer with fuses and power wiring to power a 20-A 120-V duplex receptacle mounted in each boiler control panel for use in connecting analytical and testing equipment.

* + - 1. FINISH

Retain article for special finish requirements. Contact listed manufacturers to confirm requirements are available.

* + - * 1. General:

Paint boiler, using manufacturer's standard procedures, except comply with requirements indicated.

Miscellaneous surfaces shall be finished to match continuous surfaces.

Manufacturer shall field touch up or entirely repaint surface finishes, which were damaged during shipment, to original condition, using original materials and methods.

Paint shall be suitable for temperatures encountered on painted surfaces.

Requirements indicate minimum quality level. Provide more robust paint system if required to comply with other requirements indicated.

* + - * 1. Preparation:

Follow paint manufacturer's published preparation and application instructions.

When paint manufacturer's recommended preparation requirements differ from those specified, use more stringent requirements.

Structural steel with visible corrosion shall be sandblasted according to SSPC SP-6 or SSPC SP-10 before applying primer and paint.

Before application of a primer and a top coat, remove oil and grease from surfaces to be coated using clean rags soaked in thinner according to SSPC SP-1.

Treat galvanized-steel surfaces that cannot be procured with a phosphatized finish with a phosphate rinse to ensure proper paint adhesion.

* + - * 1. Primer:

Rust-inhibiting type with a minimum dry film thickness of [**2 mils (0.05 mm)**] <**Insert thickness**>.

Provide multiple passes if required to prevent runs.

Select a primer that is compatible with substrate and finish coat.

* + - * 1. Finish Coat:

Contact manufacturer to confirm paint option retained is available.

Finish coat shall be [**alkyd enamel**] [**epoxy**] [**polyurethane**] <**Insert type**>.

Use dry film thickness recommended by paint manufacturer, but not less than [**2 mils (0.05 mm)**] <**Insert thickness**>. Provide multiple passes if required to prevent runs.

* + - * 1. Paint the following surfaces with both a primer and finish coat:

Base and miscellaneous supports that are not hot dip galvanized.

Carbon steel that is not galvanized.

Exterior surfaces of unit exposed to view.

Piping and trim.

* + - * 1. Do not paint aluminum or stainless steel.
      1. FLUE-GAS ECONOMIZER

Retain this article for steam boiler applications if required to improve system operating efficiency.

* + - * 1. Where indicated, provide heat exchanger to transfer heat from boiler flue gas to boiler feedwater.
        2. Type: Rectangular configuration with replaceable finned tubes, arranged for up-flow flue gas and parallel flow water.

Retain "Internal Bypass" Paragraph below for additional protection.

* + - * 1. Internal Bypass: Economizer furnished with an internal bypass diverter to provide emergency bypass operation, with no external ducting, for controlling the following:

Stack corrosion.

Turndown performance.

Excessive flue-gas backpressure due to fouling.

* + - * 1. Construction:

Comply with 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Design for abnormal operation with no water in tubes at temperature indicated.

Design Pressure:

Water Tubes: [**300 psig (2050 kPa)**] <**Insert value**>.

Inner Casing: [**10 inches wc (2500 Pa)**] <**Insert value**>.

Design Temperature: [**700 deg F (370 deg C)**] <**Insert value**>.

Tubes and Headers:

ASTM A254, Type 316 stainless steel.

Helically wound, nonserrated stainless-steel fins continuously welded to tubes.

Arrange tubes to permit cleaning by soot blowing.

Fin Density: [**48 fins per foot (157 fins per meter)**] <**Insert value**>.

Fin Height: [**0.5 inch (13 mm)**] <**Insert value**>.

Return bend areas shall be exposed to the bulk temperature of the flue gas.

Headers shall be external to the casing.

Flanged piping connections.

Drainable by gravity.

Casing:

Double wall, with [**hinged**] [**or**] [**removable**] panels and insulation between inner and outer casing. Access panels shall allow access to tubes and internal bypass diverter for cleaning and replacement.

Casing shall be gas tight.

Inner Casing: Stainless steel, all welded.

Insulation: Mineral fiber, [**2 inch (50 mm)**] <**Insert value**> thick.

Outer Casing: Galvanized, stainless or painted carbon steel.

Angle flanges on flue-gas inlet and outlet for attachment of breeching and stack.

* + - * 1. Accessories:

Inlet and Outlet Transitions: Designed by economizer manufacturer and furnished with economizer.

Safety Relief Valve: Selected by economizer manufacturer according to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code requirements.

Soot Blowers: Steam-operated, rotating valve-in-head. Provide sufficient number to clean all tube areas. Location, arrangement, and quantity based on recommendations of soot blower manufacturer for type and size of economizer furnished.

Thermometers:

Water Inlet and Discharge Thermometers: Bimetal thermometer in a stainless-steel case with angle position adjustment, nominal [**5-inch (120-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face having graduated scale and range of approximately [**1.5**] <**Insert number**> times the discharge temperature. Mount thermometer in a Type 316 stainless-steel thermowell that is located in a visible location to indicate water inlet and discharge temperature.

Flue-Gas Inlet and Discharge Thermometers: Bimetal thermometer in a stainless-steel case with angle position adjustment, nominal [**5-inch (120-mm)**] <**Insert size**> diameter face having graduated scale and range of approximately [**1.5**] <**Insert number**> times the inlet temperature. Mount thermometer in a Type 316 stainless-steel thermowell that is located in a visible location to indicate flue-gas inlet and discharge temperature.

* + - * 1. Factory Test and Inspections:

Inspect completed economizer assembly according to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Certify inspection and submit completed ASME form for each economizer.

* + - 1. CAPACITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS

If Project has more than one type or configuration of boiler, delete this article and schedule boilers on Drawings.

* + - * 1. Heating Medium: [**Hot water**] [**Steam**].

Retain one of two "Design Pressure Rating" paragraphs below. Retain first paragraph for hot-water boilers and second paragraph for steam boilers. In first paragraph below, 30- and 125-psig (207- and 860-kPa) ratings are available only in horizontal fire-tube design.

* + - * 1. Design Pressure Rating: [**30 psig (207 kPa)**] [**60 psig (420 kPa)**] [**100 psig (690 kPa)**] [**125 psig (860 kPa)**] [**140 psig (966 kPa)**] [**160 psig (1100 kPa)**] <**Insert value**>.

In "Design Pressure Rating" Paragraph below, 200- and 300-psig (1380- and 2070-kPa) ratings are available only in horizontal fire-tube boilers.

* + - * 1. Design Pressure Rating: [**15 psig (104 kPa)**] [**150 psig (1035 kPa)**] [**200 psig (1380 kPa)**] [**250 psig (1725 kPa)**] [**300 psig (2070 kPa)**] <**Insert value**>.
        2. Safety Relief Valve Setting: <**Insert psig (kPa)**>.

Retain "Entering-Water Temperature," "Leaving-Water Temperature," "Design Water-Flow Rate" and "Design Pressure Drop" paragraphs below for hot-water boilers; delete for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Entering-Water Temperature: <**Insert deg F (deg C)**>.
        2. Leaving-Water Temperature: <**Insert deg F (deg C)**>.
        3. Design Water-Flow Rate: <**Insert gpm (L/s)**>.
        4. Design Pressure Drop: <**Insert psig (kPa)**>.

Retain "Steam Operating Pressure" and "Steam-Flow Rate" paragraphs below for steam boilers; delete for hot-water boilers.

* + - * 1. Steam Operating Pressure: <**Insert psig (kPa)**>.
        2. Steam-Flow Rate: <**Insert lb/h (kg/s)**>.
        3. Fuel-to-[**Steam**] [**Water**] Efficiency: <**Insert number**> percent.
        4. Number of Passes: [**One**] [**Two**] [**Three**] [**or**] [**Four**] <**Insert number**>.

Retain "Gas Input" or "Gas Input Flow" Paragraph below for method of gas input rating.

* + - * 1. Gas Input: <**Insert MBh (kW)**>.

Consider actual Btu content of fuel source if retaining "Gas Input Flow" Paragraph below. Contact fuel supplier and boiler manufacturers to determine impact. Add text indicating Btu content of fuel if applicable.

* + - * 1. Gas Input Flow: <**Insert cfh (mL/s)**>.
        2. Gas Pressure: <**Insert psig (kPa)**>.

Retain one of two "Oil Input" paragraphs below for method of oil input rating.

* + - * 1. Oil Input: <**Insert MBh (kW)**>.

Consider actual Btu content of fuel source if retaining "Oil Input" Paragraph below. Contact fuel supplier and boiler manufacturers to determine impact. Add text indicating Btu content of fuel if applicable.

* + - * 1. Oil Input Flow: <**Insert gph (mL/s)**>.
        2. Output Capacity: <**Insert MBh (kW)**>.

Retain "Flue-Gas Economizer" Paragraph below if steam boiler is equipped with flue-gas economizer.

* + - * 1. Flue-Gas Economizer:

Design Feedwater Flow: <**Insert gpm (L/s)**>.

Design Feedwater Pressure Drop: <**Insert psig (kPa)**>.

Entering-Feedwater Temperature: <**Insert deg F (deg C)**>.

Leaving-Feedwater Temperature: <**Insert deg F (deg C)**>.

Design Flue-Gas Flow: <**Insert cfm (L/s)**>.

Design Flue-Gas Pressure Drop: <**Insert inches wc (Pa)**>.

Entering-Flue-Gas Temperature: <**Insert deg F (deg C)**>.

Leaving-Flue-Gas Temperature: <**Insert deg F (deg C)**>.

Consider impact of site altitude on fan and motor.

* + - * 1. Burner Blower:

Motor Horsepower: <**Insert number**> hp.

* + - * 1. Electrical Characteristics:

Volts: [**115**] [**208**] [**230**] [**460**] <**Insert number**> V.

Phase: [**Single**] [**Three**].

Hertz: [**50**] [**60**] <**Insert number**> Hz.

Full-Load Amperes: <**Insert number**> A.

Minimum Circuit Ampacity: <**Insert number**> A.

Maximum Overcurrent Protection: <**Insert number**> A.

* + - * 1. Sound (decibels, A weighted): <**Insert number**> dB.
      1. SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL
         1. Test and inspect factory-assembled boilers, before shipping, according to 2010 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Retain "Burner and Hydrostatic Test" Paragraph below for factory-assembled boilers.

* + - * 1. Burner and Hydrostatic Test:

Factory adjust burner to eliminate excess oxygen, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen emissions, and carbon monoxide in flue gas and to achieve performance requirements indicated.

Perform hydrostatic test of pressure vessel, piping, and trim of assembled boiler.

Retain "Witness Testing" Paragraph below if Director’s Representative wants to witness source quality-control testing.

* + - * 1. Witness Testing:

Allow Director’s Representative access to witness source quality-control testing of boilers.

Notify [**Architect**] [Director’s Representative] [**15**] <**Insert number**> days in advance of testing.

1. EXECUTION
   * + 1. EXAMINATION
          1. Before boiler installation, examine roughing-in for concrete equipment bases, anchor-bolt sizes and locations, and flue; piping; controls; and electrical connections to verify actual locations, sizes, and other conditions affecting boiler performance, maintenance, and operations.

Boiler locations indicated on Drawings are approximate. Determine exact locations before roughing-in for flue, piping, controls, and electrical connections.

* + - * 1. Examine areas where boilers will be installed for suitable conditions.
        2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
      1. BOILER INSTALLATION
         1. Coordinate size and location of bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into concrete bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified with concrete.
         2. Equipment Mounting:

Retain first subparagraph below to require equipment to be installed on cast-in-place concrete equipment bases.

Install boilers on cast-in-place concrete equipment base(s). Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."

Retain one of two subparagraphs below to require vibration isolation and seismic-control devices. Retain first for projects in seismic areas; retain second for projects not in seismic areas. Indicate vibration isolation and seismic-control device type and minimum deflection in supported equipment schedule on Drawings.

Comply with requirements for vibration isolation and seismic-control devices specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC."

Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."

Retain first paragraph below for gas-fired boilers.

* + - * 1. Install gas-fired boilers according to NFPA 54.

Retain first paragraph below for oil-fired boilers.

* + - * 1. Install oil-fired boilers according to NFPA 31.
        2. Assemble and install boiler trim, components, and accessories that are not factory installed.
        3. Install control and electrical devices furnished with boiler that are not factory mounted.
        4. Install control and power wiring to field-mounted control and electrical devices furnished with boiler that are not factory installed.
        5. Perform boil-out and cleaning procedures according to manufacturer's written instructions after completion of hydrostatic testing and before performing other field tests.[**Boiler manufacturer's Company Field Advisor per OGS Spec Section 014216 shall witness boil-out and cleaning procedures.**] Following boil-out and cleaning procedures, boiler shall be washed and flushed until water leaving boiler is clear.
        6. Protect boiler fireside and waterside from corrosion.

Before boiler is filled with water, protect by dry storage method recommended by boiler manufacturer.

After boiler is filled with water, and left not fired for more than [**10**] <**Insert number**> days, protect by wet storage method recommended by boiler manufacturer.

Chemical Treatment: Quality of water in boilers shall be maintained by a professional water-treatment organization that shall provide on-site supervision to maintain the required water quality during periods of boiler storage as well as during operating, standby, and test conditions. Refer to <**Insert applicable Section number and title**> for additional requirements.

* + - 1. PIPING CONNECTIONS

Coordinate piping installations and specialty arrangements with schematics on Drawings and with requirements specified in piping systems. If Drawings are explicit enough, these requirements may be reduced or omitted.

* + - * 1. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
        2. Where installing piping adjacent to boiler(s), allow space for service and maintenance.

Retain first paragraph below for boilers that use gas as a fuel source.

* + - * 1. Connect gas piping to boiler gas-train inlet with dirt leg, shutoff valve, and union or flange. Piping shall be at least full size of gas-train connection. Provide a reducer if required.

Retain first paragraph below for boilers that use oil as a fuel source.

* + - * 1. Connect oil piping to oil-train connection with dirt leg, shutoff valve, and union. Piping shall be at least full size of oil-train connection. Provide a reducer if required. Provide drain valve with threaded plug at piping low point.

Retain first paragraph below for hot-water boilers.

* + - * 1. Connect hot-water piping to supply- and return-boiler tappings with shutoff valve and union or flange at each connection.

Retain first paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Connect steam and condensate piping to supply-, return-, and blowdown-boiler connections with union or flange at each connection. Provide each connection with shutoff valve if shutoff valves are not factory furnished with boiler trim.[**Provide check valves in blowdown piping of each boiler that connects multiple boilers.**]

Retain first paragraph below if retaining "Flue-Gas Economizer" Article in Part 2.

* + - * 1. Connect feedwater piping to inlet- and discharge-flue-gas economizer connections with union or flange at each connection. Provide each connection with shutoff valve and other accessories indicated and recommended by manufacturer.

Retain first paragraph below for hot-water boilers.

* + - * 1. Install piping from safety relief valves to nearest floor drain.

Retain first paragraph below for steam boilers.

* + - * 1. Install piping from safety valves and drip-pan elbows. Extend piping from safety valves and terminate to vent outdoors. Extend piping from drip-pan elbow drain to nearest floor drain.
        2. Install piping from equipment drain connection to nearest floor drain. Piping shall be at least full size of connection. Provide an isolation valve if required.
        3. Hot equipment drains connected to sanitary drainage system shall be cooled before discharging into the system if required to comply with more stringent of governing code requirements and requirements indicated.

Provide a temperature-controlled nonpotable domestic cold water source to cool hot equipment drains to deliver a discharge temperature of <**Insert temperature**>.

Retain paragraph below for steam boilers requiring a direct connection to chemical-treatment system.

* + - * 1. Connect chemical-treatment piping to each boiler chemical-treatment connection with check valve and isolation valve.
      1. FLUE CONNECTIONS
         1. Connect breeching to full size of boiler outlet. Comply with requirements in [**Section 235116 "Fabricated Breechings and Accessories"**] [**and**] [**Section 235133 "Insulated Sectional Chimneys"**] for venting materials.
         2. Install flue-gas recirculation duct from vent to burner if not factory furnished and installed. Comply with requirements in Section 235116 "Fabricated Breechings and Accessories" for recirculation duct materials.
         3. Install easily accessible test ports for field testing of flue gas from each boiler.

Retain paragraph below if retaining "Flue-Gas Economizer" Article in Part 2.

* + - * 1. Install flue-gas economizer with factory-furnished transitions to connect to boiler and to field-installed breeching.
      1. ELECTRICAL POWER CONNECTIONS
         1. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
         2. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
      2. CONTROLS CONNECTIONS
         1. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.
         2. Connect control wiring between boilers and other equipment to interlock operation as required, to provide a complete and functioning system.

Retain paragraph below to connect boilers to DDC control system for remote monitoring and control.

* + - * 1. Connect control wiring between boiler control interface and [**DDC control system**] <**Insert system description**> for remote monitoring and control of boilers. Comply with requirements in [**Section 230923 "Direct Digital Control (DDC) System for HVAC."**] <**Insert Section number and title.**>
      1. NETWORK AND PHONE CONNECTIONS

Retain this article if retaining e-mail, paging, and LAN/WAN features described in "Integrated Boiler-Control System" Paragraph in Part 2 "Controls" Article.

* + - * 1. Connect LAN/WAN network cable to boiler controls to provide connectivity for remote monitoring through integrated boiler control system.
        2. Connect phone system cable to boiler controls to provide connectivity for remote monitoring and alarm notification through integrated boiler control system.
      1. FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Retain "Testing Agency," "Manufacturer's Field Service," and "Perform the following tests and inspections" paragraphs below to identify who shall perform tests and inspections. If retaining second option in "Testing Agency" Paragraph or if retaining "Manufacturer's Field Service" or "Perform the following tests and inspections" Paragraph, retain "Field quality-control reports" Paragraph in "Informational Submittals" Article.

* + - * 1. Department of Labor Inspection: Arrange with NYS Department of Labor for Inspection of Boiler upon completion of installation.

Do not operate boilers until NYS Department of Labor inspection is made and a Certificate of Inspection is received.

Pay application and inspection fees required by NYS Department of Labor.

Preparation of boiler for inspection: Prepare boiler for internal inspection or hydrostatic pressure test on the date specified by the Department of Labor inspector.

Remove manhole and handhole plates, and washout plugs in the water column connection.

Remove grates of internally fire boilers.

Remove as directed by the NYS Department of Labor inspector, brick work and insulation.

Remove steam gage for testing if required by NYS Department of labor inspector.

Stop leaks of steam of hot water into the boiler being inspected from the other components.

Provide to the NYS Department of Labor inspector a competent person to be placed under the inspector’s supervision to disassemble, reassemble, test adjust, operate or forcible handling any part of the boiler.

* + - * 1. Provide framed glass holder for NYS Department of Labor Certificate of Inspection, and post near the boiler prior to operation of the boiler.
        2. Fasten two inch high metal identification numbers corresponding to number assigned by NYS Department of Labor Commissioner to a metal mounting plate and securely attach to the front of the boiler or front of boiler settings.
        3. Testing Agency: [Director’s Representative **will engage**] [**Engage**] a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.

Retain "Manufacturer's Field Service" Paragraph below to require a factory-authorized service representativeCompany Service Advisor to perform tests and inspections.

* + - * 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a Company Field Advisor per OGS Spec Section 014216 to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.

Retain "Perform the following tests and inspections" Paragraph below to require Contractor to perform tests and inspections.

* + - * 1. Perform the following tests and inspections[**with the assistance of a Company Service Advisor**]:

Perform installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.

Hydrostatic Leak Test: Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.

Operational Test: Start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation. Adjust air-fuel ratio and combustion.

Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

Retain "Burner Test" Subparagraph below for field-assembled boilers.

Burner Test: Adjust burner to eliminate excess oxygen, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen emissions, and carbon monoxide in flue gas and to achieve combustion efficiency.

Check and adjust initial operating set points and high- and low-limit safety set points of fuel supply, water level, and [**water temperature**] [**steam pressure**].

Set field-adjustable switches and circuit-breaker trip ranges as indicated.

See Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for retesting and reinspecting requirements and Section 017300 "Execution" for requirements for correcting the Work.

* + - * 1. Boiler will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
        2. Prepare test and inspection reports.
        3. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within [**12 months of date of Substantial Completion**] <**Insert time period**>, provide on-site assistance in adjusting system to suit actual occupied conditions. Provide up to [**two**] <**Insert number**> visits to Project during other-than-normal occupancy hours for this purpose.

Retain "Performance Tests" Paragraph below if performance tests are required. Performance verification based on field tests is not typically required because of the associated cost. Consult Director’s Representative.

* + - * 1. Performance Tests:

Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a Company Service Advisor to inspect component assemblies and equipment installations, including connections, and to conduct performance testing.

Boilers shall comply with performance requirements indicated, as determined by field-performance tests. Adjust, modify, or replace equipment in order to comply.

Perform field-performance tests to determine the capacity and efficiency of boilers.

For dual-fuel boilers, perform tests for each fuel.

Test for full capacity.

Test for boiler efficiency at [**low fire, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, and high fire (100)**] <**Insert range**> percent of full capacity. Determine and document efficiency at each test point.

Retain first subparagraph below if retaining "Flue-Gas Economizer" Article in Part 2.

For boilers equipped with flue-gas economizers, perform tests with and without flue-gas economizer operating.

Test each safety valve. Record pressure at valve blowdown and reset. Test valve(s) with boiler operating at full capacity to ensure valve has capacity to prevent further rise in pressure.

Retain first subparagraph below if retaining "Oxygen Trim Control" Paragraph in Part 2 "Controls" Article.

For boilers equipped with automatic oxygen trim control, conduct tests with automatic oxygen trim control on manual at zero trim and record performance. Repeat tests with automatic oxygen trim control under automatic control and record performance.

Repeat tests until results comply with requirements indicated.

Provide measurement and analysis equipment required to determine performance.

Provide temporary equipment and system modifications necessary to dissipate the heat produced during tests if building systems are inadequate.

Notify [**Architect**] [Director’s Representative] [**20**] <**Insert number**> days in advance of test dates.

Document test results in a report and submit with informational submittals.

* + - 1. DEMONSTRATION
         1. [**Engage a Company Field Advisor per OGS Spec Section 014216 to train**] [**Train**] Director’s Representative 's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain boilers.[**Video training sessions and provide electronic copy of video to** Director’s Representative**.**]
         2. [**Engage a factory-authorized service representative Company Field Advisor per OGS Spec Section 014216 to train**] [**Train**] Director’s Representative Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain boilers.[**Video training sessions and provide electronic copy of video to** Director’s Representative**.**] Refer to Section 017900 "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 235239